**NEW** 

# CUTTING EDOS

INTERMEDIATE



Dịch và giới thiệu: H**ÔNG ĐỨC** 

with mini-dictionary



NHÀ XUẤT BẢN TỪ ĐIỂN BÁCH KHOA STUDENT'S BOOK AND WORKBOOK sarah cunningham peter moor with jane comyns carr

# NEW

# CUTING

INTERMEDIATE
STUDENTS' BOOK AND WORK BOOK
WITH KEY

NHÀ XUẤT BẢN TỪ ĐIỂN BÁCH KHOA

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# MODULE

### All about you

- Asking and answering questions
- Present simple and continuous
- Vocabulary Everyday activities, People around you
- Reading and speaking How we really spend our time
- Wordspot: have land have got)
- Pronunciation Auxiliary verbs
- Task Find things in common
- Writing E-mail an old friend





## Language focus 1 Asking and answering questions

- 1 Look at the photographs of people meeting. Which photo shows the following?
- a businesswoman meeting a colleague from abroad for the first time
- b a person unswering questions for an application form
- c two old friends chatting about their news
- d some students on an English course getting to know each other during a break

Think of two questions the people in each photo might ask each other.

2 Listen to ten questions you might hear in these situations. Write brief answers for yourself.

#### Analysis

1 Asking questions

How many of the questions from exercise 2 can you remember? Use the verbs below to write them

are is do does have was were did

Listen again and check. Then ask and answer the questions with a partner

- 2 Auxiliaries in answers
  - Can you shorten these long answers using auxiliary verbs?
  - a Have you got any brothers and sisters?
    No, I hoven't got any brothers and sisters
  - b Does all your family live round here? My parents live round here, but my sister doesn't live round here
- ► Read Language summary A on page 144.

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auxiliary (adj) [ɔːgˈzɪliəri] trợ động từ
common (adj) [ˈkɒmən] chung

break (n) [breik] nghi, giài lao brief(adj) [bri:f] vấn tắt application form (n) [,æplr'keɪʃn] đơn xin việc



#### **Practice**

3 Add the correct verbs to the following questions

How things with you?

- 2 How you do?
- 3 What your full name and address?
- 4 How your flight?
- 5 When you get here?
- 6 You have a good journey to school this morning?
- Where you staying while you're here?
- 8 You got any special reason for learning English?
- 9 You speak any other languages?
- 10 How your job going?
- 11 You got any brothers and sisters?
- 12 You have a nice hollday?
- 13 This your first visit to New York?
- 14 How all your family?

b III Listen and check. Which questions belong witi each photo?

#### Pronunciation

Listen again and notice how we stress the important words in the questions in exercise 1a. What happens to the pronunciation of the auxiliary verbs?

How are things with you?

How do you do?

Listen again and underline the stressed words in exercise 1a. Practise saying the questions.

Work in pairs. Act out two of the conversations in the photos, using questions from exercise 2 on page 6 and from Practice exercise 1

Either Work with two new partners. Think of four questions to ask each person. Ask and answer.

Or Think of some questions to ask your teacher, depending on how well you already know him/her.

a Work in pairs. Discuss what questions you would ask in the following situations.

#### Example:

You don't know what 'pensioner' means. What does 'pensioner' mean?

- You want to know the English word for 2 You don't know how to pronounce a word.
- You don't know how to spell a word.
- You don't know which page to look at.
- You want to know what tonight's homework is.
- You didn't hear what the teacher said.
- You want your teacher to write a word on the board
- You didn't understand something.
- b Listen and check.

promonce (v) [pra'nauns] phát âm promuciation (n)[pra,nnnsi'eɪʃn] phát âm

depend (v) [dɪ'pend] phụ thuộc pensioner (n) ['pensənə(r)] người hưởng lương hưu

#### Vocabulary 1 **Everyday activities**

a Match the phrases in A with their opposites in B.

I spend a lot of time

I really love 3 I spend too much time

I'm quite good at

5 I'm really into

I'm not interested in

I don't have enough time for

I'm not very good at

I absolutely hate

I don't spend much time

b What verb form is used after all of these expressions?

Use the phrases in exercise 1 to make eight true sentences about the activities in the box.

chatting on the phone hanging out with your friends shopping relaxing and doing nothing

listening to music doing your homework playing computer games texting your friends (on/using) the Internet

doing exercise doing housework reading walking

cooking

#### watching TV Examples:

I'm not very good at cooking.

I spend a lot of time chatting on the phone.

3 Choose four activities from the box to ask a partner about. Then choose four more activities to ask a new partner about. 3

Do you like playing computer games?

Do you spend much time doing exercise?

#### Reading and speaking

Read the following statements, checking the phrases in bold in your mini-dictionary. Which do you think are true for your country? Compare your ideas in groups.

- People are working longer hours than in the past.
- Watching TV is the most popular leisure time activity.
- Most people read a newspaper regularly.
- The majority of women work full-time.
- Women do the main share of the housework.
- People are eating more and more ready meals and takeaways
- The majority of young people have a full-time job by the time they are twenty.
- Young people these days spend more time socialising than doing homework.
- Pensioners are more physically active than teenagers.
- Regular Internet users are often keen on sport as well.
- The majority of people take part in a sport at least once a week.
- People waste a lot of time at work.

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compare (v) [kəm'peə] so sánh ... regularly (adv) ['regjələli] thường xuyên